

OAuth for Financial APIs

The OAuth approach of Berlin Group's PSD2 API

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EU Payment Services Directive 2 (PSD2)

- Goals
 - Foster innovation in online and mobile payments
 - Increase security of payment transactions and access to account information (strong customer authentication, regulation, screen scraping(?))
- *Banks must allow access to*
 - account information (balance, transactions, account holder) and
 - payment initiation (e.g. SEPA credit transfer)
- *to any party accredited with a local competent authority, e.g. Bafin or FCA*
- All Banks in the EU must comply until May 27 2019 by providing appropriate APIs
- Ongoing debate on use of screen scraping (as fallback) and **redirects**

PSD2 API Specifications

- PSD 2 does not dictate a certain API, instead European Banking Authority (EBA) on behalf of European Commission published “Requirements for Technical Specifications” (RTS)
- Details and maps legal requirements to technical requirements, e.g. regarding Strong Customer Authentication* (SCA)
- Several groups are working on specifications, e.g.
 - Open Banking UK (<https://www.openbanking.org.uk/>)
 - STET (<https://www.stet.eu/en/psd2/>)
 - Berlin Group (<https://www.berlin-group.org/psd2-access-to-bank-accounts>)
 - Further national activities (PL, SK, ...)

* term introduced by PSD2, 2FA with dynamic binding of the 2nd factor to the particular transaction and independent elements

Berlin Group

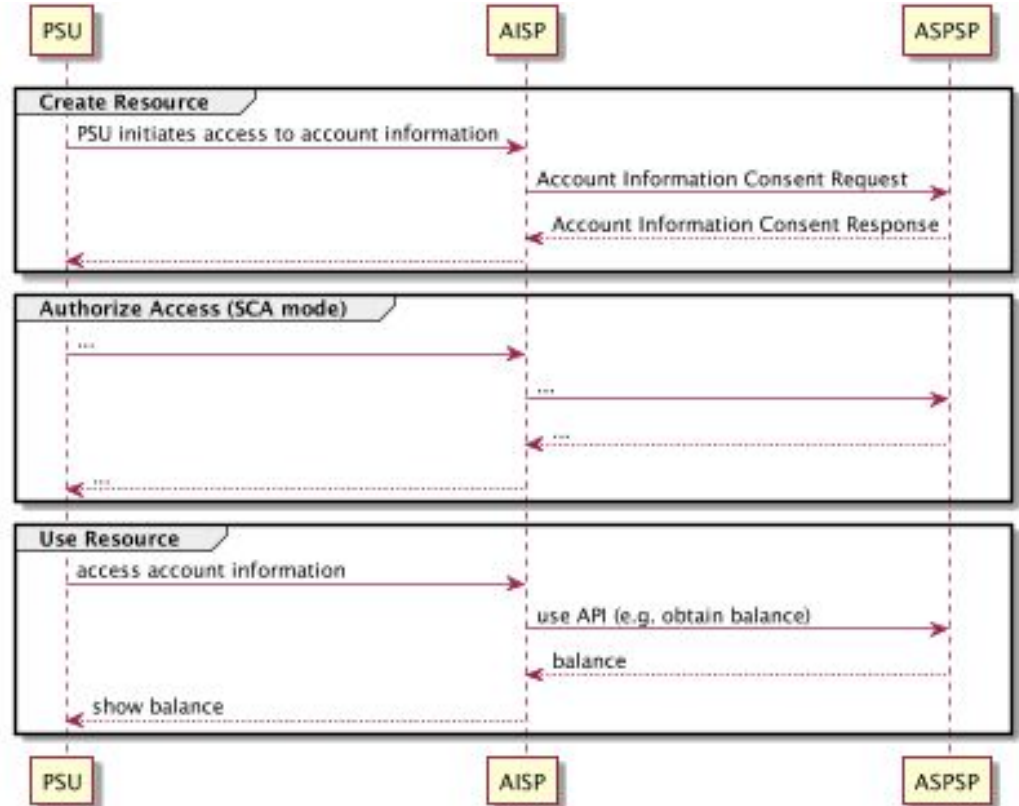
- Participants: Banks & Banking Associations, Payment Processors from across the EU
- *NextGenPSD2* working group tasked with development of PSD2 API
- First version published in Oct 2018
 - HTTP based API with features for AIS and PIS (and PII)
 - Payload JSON and XML
 - Application level signing
 - Different SCA Approaches: Redirect, Decoupled, Embedded
 - **OAuth supported for so-called pre-authorization only**
- My role: OpenID Foundation (FAPI WG) liaison, first contact in early October
- Latest version, published in Feb 2018, adds new **OAuth SCA Approach**

SCA Approaches

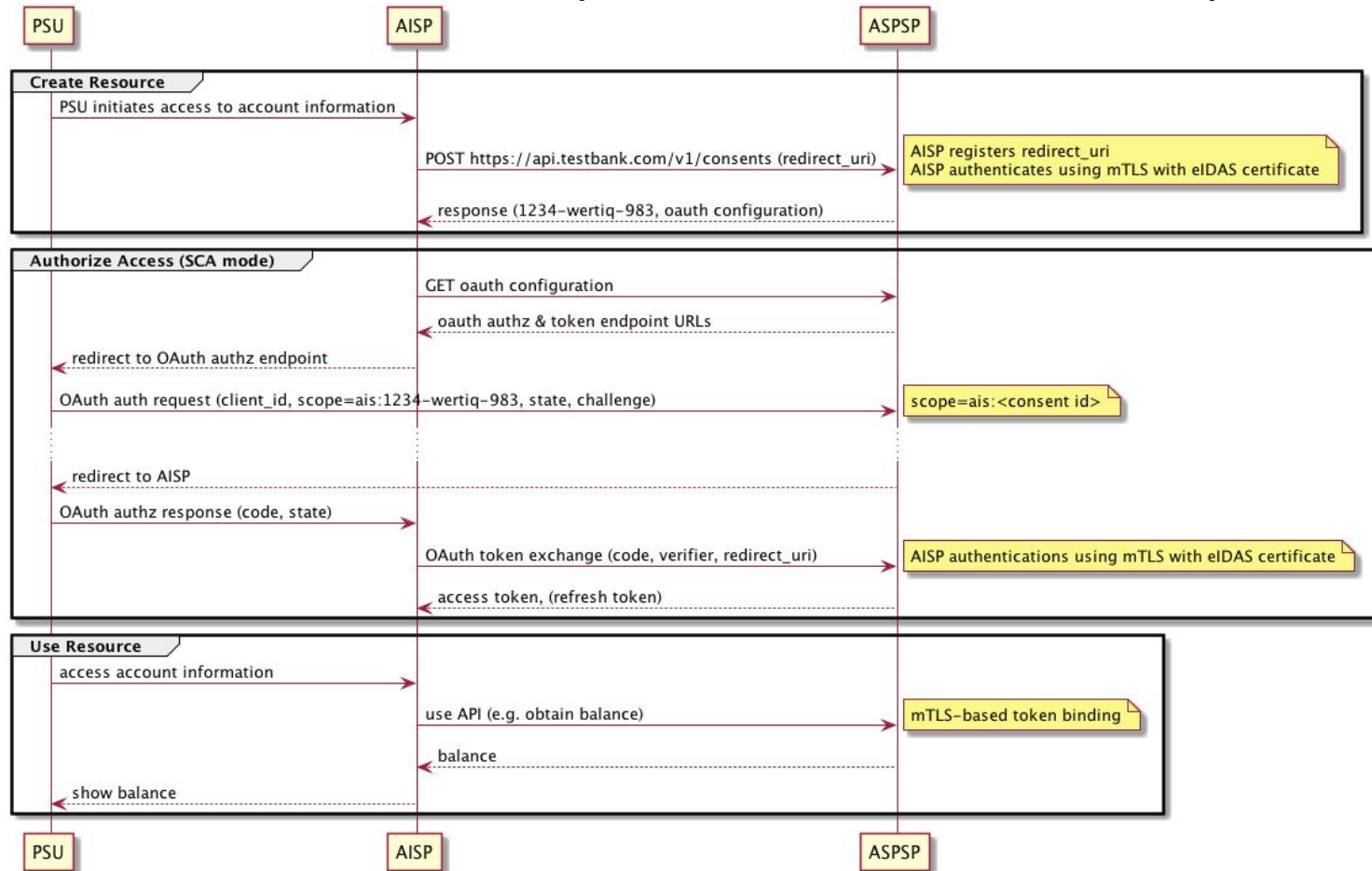
1. Redirect: proprietary redirect-based protocol
2. Decoupled:
 - user is asked to authorize TX on another device in an bank app
 - no credentials through TPP
3. Embedded:
 - all messages for authentication and authorization flow through TPP
 - ASPSP tells TPP what is needed
 - TPP renders UI, let the user enter the credentials and passes it to the bank
 - User Consent coupled would with SCA
4. OAuth: uses OAuth to authorize payment/access to account information

OAuth SCA Approach - Starting Point

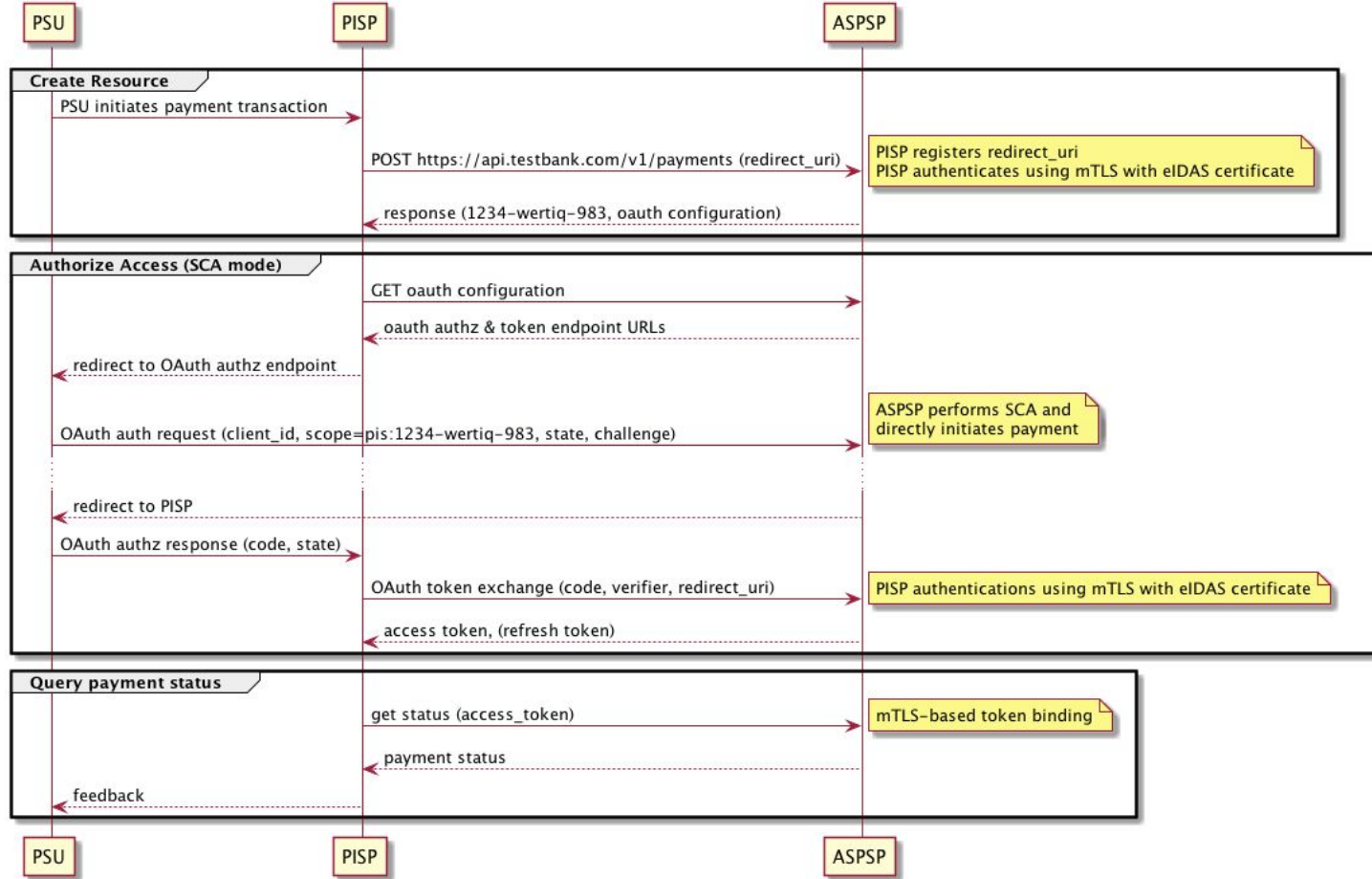
- Proposal with least disruption to existing BG approach
- Avoid client registration to improve compliance with latest EBA RTS
- Terms
 - PSU: user
 - AISP: account information service provider
 - ASPSP: account serving payment service provider (e.g. bank)



OAuth SCA Approach (Account Information)



OAuth SCA Approach (Payment Initiation)



Client Management (Challenges & Solutions)

- EBA RTS §32 prohibits the ASPSP to require “...additional authorisations and **registrations** in addition to those provided for in Articles 11, 14 and 15 of Directive 2015/2366.”
 - OAuth Approach directly uses eIDAS certificates issued to PSD2 TPPs to authenticate the respective OAuth clients (based on mTLS for OAuth)
- eIDAS Certificates do not contain *client_id* nor *redirect_uri*
 - Use aisp/pisp id in the cert + country id as *client_id*
 - register *redirect_uri* with every transaction (mTLS protected)

Further Details

- OAuth Server Metadata
- PKCE for injection prevention

Status

- Current draft has serious issue - all OAuth parameters were “camel cased”
 - Example: **client_id** -> **clientId**
 - **Causing the spec to be incompatible to RFC6749**
 - Will be correct in next revision
- Redirect-based flows are still subject to debates
 - EC and ECB do not want to allow banks to use redirects without previous approval by the respective TPP
 - EBA has not taken a position yet

Please review the BG specification, in particular the OAuth SCA Approach!

<https://www.berlin-group.org/nextgenpsd2-downloads>